## University of Leicester

## Publication of Equality Data

The following information is designed to give an overall indication of the position of the University with respect to those protected characteristics about which data is currently collected. It is used to guide further equalities work, compare the position in the University overall or in a College with a constituent department or division and further analysis may be possible where there are particular concerns.

Please note that where UK figures are given they are for year 2011/12 which are the latest available. University of Leicester figures are for 2013 or as at January 2014 as appropriate unless otherwise stated. Figures for last year in brackets where shown.

## STAFF DATA

## GENDER

Representation by Gender University of Leicester \& UK

|  | Headcount |  |  | $\%$ <br> Representation |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College/Division | F | M | Total | F | M |
| Arts, Humanities and Law | 178 | 148 | 326 | $55 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| Corporate \& Library | 925 | 657 | 1582 | $59 \%$ | $41 \%$ |
| Medicine, Biological Sciences and <br> Psychology |  |  |  |  |  |
| Science and Engineering | 549 | 422 | 971 | $56 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| Social Science | 152 | 373 | 525 | $29 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| University of Leicester | 263 | 238 | 501 | $53 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| UK | 2067 | 1838 | 3905 | $53 \%$ | $47 \%$ |

Gender balance changes little year on year. Most areas of the University show a reasonable balance of male and female staff with the exception of Science and Engineering where there are overall $29 \%$ female representation. In 2009 female representation in the College was 24\%.

## Professorial status by Gender (University of Leicester)

| Designation | University of Leicester |  |  |  | UK |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No |
|  | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Professors | 55 | $23 \%(19)$ | 180 | 77 | 3790 | $20.5 \%$ | 14670 | 79.5 |
| F/T | 45 | $23 \%(18)$ | 152 | 77 | 3240 | $20 \%$ | 12715 | 80 |
| P/T | 10 | $26 \%(22)$ | 28 | 74 | 555 | $22 \%$ | 1960 | 78 |
| *SET Dept | 25 | $20 \%(13)$ | 103 | 80 | 1795 | $16.5 \%$ | 9125 | 83.5 |
| Non SET | 29 | $28 \%(31)$ | 76 | 72 | 1995 | $26 \%$ | 5550 | 74 |

*SET refers to Science, Engineering and Technology and Medicine.

Female representation of professors at the University is greater than the UK average. This position has recently been achieved through a dramatic increase in female professors in SET departments where female representation has increased from $13 \%$ to $20 \%$ in one year. At the same time departments have been working hard to develop and implement good practice in gender equality through the Athena SWAN award scheme designed to promote the better representation of women in science, medicine and engineering.

## Academic senior promotion experience by Gender (University of Leicester) Last three years cumulative

| Element | $\mathbf{M}$ | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total cumulative number put forward | 126 | 67 |
| Total cumulative population over three years | 1089 | 649 |
| Overall percentage put forward for promotion | $\mathbf{1 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ |
| Cumulative numbers successful | $\mathbf{7 6}$ | 46 |
| Overall percentage success rate of those put forward | $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 \%}$ |
| Overall percentage success rate | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |

These figures appear to indicate that in this period women were put forward slightly less readily than males but were more successful once put in for promotion. This supports the theory that women tend to hold back from seeking promotion in comparison to men but their promotion success is better perhaps because by delaying consideration their cases are on average stronger. The figures suggest pregnancy and maternity have been taken into account in the promotion panel consideration though the impact of maternity might also contribute to the lower proportion of women being put forward.

## ETHNICITY

## Representation by Ethnicity as at January 2014 (University of Leicester)

|  | Headcount |  |  | \% Representation |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College/Division | BME | White | Not <br> Known | BME | White | Not <br> Known |
| Arts, Humanities and Law | 15 | 237 | 74 | $5 \%(6)$ | $73 \%(80)$ | $23 \%(14)$ |
| Corporate \& Library | 184 | 996 | 379 | $12 \%(11)$ | $64 \%(62)$ | $24 \%(23)$ |
| Medicine, Biological Sciences and <br> Psychology | 134 | 649 | 187 | $14 \%(16)$ | $67 \%(69)$ | $19 \%(15)$ |
| Science and Engineering | 44 | 382 | 99 | $8 \%(9)$ | $73 \%(75)$ | $19 \%(16)$ |
| Social Science | 58 | 303 | 138 | $12 \%(12)$ | $61 \%(71)$ | $28 \%(17)$ |
| University of Leicester | 435 | 2567 | 877 | $11 \%(12)$ | $66 \%(69)$ | $23 \%(9)$ |
| UK | 39040 | 309995 | 18795 | $11 \%(10)$ | $84 \%(85)$ | $5 \%(5)$ |

BME (Black minority ethnic) staff representation at the University of Leicester reflects the UK position. However the level of unknown ethnicity is currently very high at Leicester. This is being addressed. Note national figures do not include those staff who did not declare ethnicity and nationality through equal opportunity monitoring exercises.

## Professorial status by Ethnicity (University of Leicester)

| Designation | University of Leicester |  |  |  | UK |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | BME |  | White |  | Not <br> Known | BME |  | White |  |  |
|  | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ |
| All Professors | 14 | $6 \%$ | 197 | $84 \%$ | 24 | $10 \%$ | 895 | $6 \%$ | 13370 | $94 \%$ |

The UK figures only include those for whom ethnicity is known. Again BME representation reflects the UK.

## Academic senior promotion experience by Ethnicity (University of Leicester) Last three years cumulative

| Element | BME | White | Not <br> Known |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Total cumulative number put forward | 13 | 170 | 9 |
| Total cumulative population over three years | 170 | 1429 | 134 |
| Percentage put forward for promotion | $8 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| Cumulative numbers successful | 8 | 107 | 7 |
| Percentage success rate of those put forward | $62 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $78 \%$ |
| Overall percentage success rate | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ |

A considerably lower percentage of BME employees in this period of time were submitted for consideration for promotion. Success rates once put forward were almost the same for BME and white academics.

## DISABILITY

Representation by Disability as at January 2014 (University of Leicester)

| College/Division | Headcount |  | Total | \% Representation |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No Known <br> Disability | Declared <br> Disability |  | No Known <br> Disability | Declared <br> Disability |
| Arts, Humanities and Law | 312 | 14 | 326 | $96 \%(95)$ | $4 \%(5)$ |
| Corporate \& Library | 1500 | 61 | 1561 | $96 \%(95)$ | $4 \%(5)$ |
| Medicine, Biological Sciences <br> and Psychology | 942 | 29 | 971 | $97 \%(96)$ | $3 \%(4)$ |
| Science and Engineering | 501 | 24 | 525 | $95 \%(96)$ | $5 \%(4)$ |
| Social Science | 488 | 12 | 500 | $98 \%(96)$ | $2 \%(4)$ |
| University of Leicester | 3743 | 140 | 3883 | $96 \%(95)$ | $4 \%(4)$ |
| UK | 365280 | 12970 | 378250 | $97 \%(97)$ | $3 \%(3)$ |

Unknown disability status included within 'No Known Disability'. University of Leicester has consistently higher level of declaration than the UK average. The difference is even greater for senior staff (see below). However 4\% or 5\% is still considered an under-declaration.

## Professorial status by Disability (University of Leicester \& UK)

| Group | No Known <br> Disability | Declared <br> Disability | \% None | \% <br> Declared |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professors - <br> University of <br> Leicester | 223 | 12 | $95 \%(97)$ | $5 \%(4)$ |
| Professors - UK | 18020 | 440 | $98 \%(98)$ | $2 \%(2)$ |

## AGE

## Age Distribution of Employees as at January 2014 (University of Leicester)

|  | University of Leicester |  | UK |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Headcount | $\%$ <br> Representation | Headcount | $\%$ <br> Representation |
| $\mathbf{1 6 - 2 5}$ | 294 | $8 \%(10)$ | 23610 | $6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 6 - 3 0}$ | 398 | $10 \%(11)$ | 42035 | $11 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 3 5}$ | 583 | $15 \%(14)$ | 51445 | $14 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 6 - 4 0}$ | 508 | $13 \%(13)$ | 49065 | $13 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 4 5}$ | 501 | $13 \%(13)$ | 50175 | $13 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 6 - 5 0}$ | 523 | $13 \%(13)$ | 51530 | $14 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 5 5}$ | 491 | $13 \%(13)$ | 46620 | $12 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 6 - 6 0}$ | 356 | $9 \%(9)$ | 37765 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 6 5}$ | 202 | $5 \%(5)$ | 21000 | $6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 6 +}$ | 49 | $1 \%(5)$ | 4860 | $1 \%$ |
| Total | 3905 | $100 \%$ | 378105 | $100 \%$ |

The University of Leicester has greater proportion of younger employees ( $16-25$ ) than the UK higher education average at $8 \%$ against 6\%.

